

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. III—No. 18

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA — FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1946

\$1.50 a Year

Mrs. Prior (nee Jean Whillans) and children of Toronto are visiting with Mrs. Prior's father, Dr. D. W. Whillans.

## George Becker

**CABINET MAKER**  
Special prices until July 6th  
Gate-leg Drop Leaf Table \$8.00  
4-Drawer Chest \$13.00  
5-Drawer Chest \$15.00  
Above prices good for special opening sale.  
After above date ceiling prices will prevail

## J. R. AIRTH

**INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE**  
Alberta Hail Insurance Board  
and  
Western Union Fire  
**FARMS FOR SALE**  
Farm Listings Wanted  
**PHONE R507**

## Crossfield Machine Works

W. A. Hurt, Prop.  
Welding — Magneto — Radiators  
John Deere Farm Implements  
Elephant Brand Fertilizer  
**PHONE 22**  
Crossfield

You can Have  
**Weed-Free Lawns**  
by using  
**The new Weed Killer**

**2-4-D**  
Eradicates Dandelions & other weeds from lawns. Does not affect grass.  
4 oz. bottles  
Enough to treat 1200 sq. ft. for 60c  
Enough to treat 1800 sq. feet for \$1.00

**Edlund's**  
**DRUG STORE**  
THE REKALL STORE  
Phone 3 Crossfield, Alta.

## H. McDonald and Son

**MASSEY-HARRIS FARM MACHINERY**  
Cream Separators, Milking Machines, Home Freezers  
**STUDEBAKER CARS and TRUCKS**  
**REO TRUCKS**  
**SALES and SERVICE**  
H. McDonald & Son Crossfield, Alberta

## Hail Insurance

The Alberta Hail Insurance Board offers you four different policies against hail.

**INCLUDING:**  
**FULL COVER — 10% DEDUCTABLE**  
**20% DEDUCTABLE and PRO-RATA**

You need only pay \$5.00 cash (balance in the fall). If you pay all cash and do not file a claim, refund of at least 5% will be paid back in fall. If I don't call before you are ready to insure phone me and I'll be there in short order.

**J. R. AIRTH**

Phone R507 Crossfield, Alberta

Frank McDonald, the local Massey-Harris agent had a distinguished group of that companies officials call on him on Monday. Headed by Mr. H. H. Bloom, general manager of the Canadian Co. at Toronto they included Messrs. McNeill, Sales manager, Purvis, manager of South African branch, Marshall, of the New Zealand branch, and D. M. McPherson, Calgary branch manager. They were much surprised at the up-to-date premises of their local agent, and expressed their stamp of approval. They also assured him that as soon as some of the industrial smarts were ironed out, their production program would be carried out rapidly, even in greater volume than was possible in peace time.

## VILLAGE OF CROSSFIELD

The assent of the Proprietary Electors of the village of Crossfield is needed before the following by-laws can be finally passed. By-law 112 shows that the Council having decided that the present Fire Hall is inadequate for the present needs of the village, and offering it for sale by tender would sell it for the sum of \$500.00, this being the highest offer received. By-law 113 shows that the Council having need of an office for the secretary intend to build a frame and stucco building to house both the office and the fire apparatus, at a cost of approximately \$1,800.00, which sum will be made up of the sale of the old Fire Hall and the sale of a Victory Bond. The above is certified to be a true synopsis of these by-laws. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that a vote of the Proprietary Electors will be held in the office of the Secretary on Tuesday, July 9, 1946, and the polls will be open between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 7 o'clock in the evening.

Signed,  
H. MAY,  
Returning Officer.

## COUNCIL MEETINGS

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council will be held in the

**FIRE HALL**  
on the  
**First Monday of each month**  
commencing at 8:00 p. m.

## HUGH R. WICKERSON

**General Trucking**  
Your business will be appreciated by a veteran.  
**Phone 211**  
Crossfield, Alberta

## LOCAL NEWS

Saturday next is the last day to get 10% on village taxes.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Donald left on friends and relatives at Wilkie, Sask.

Gerald Howey of Calgary paid a brief visit to his parents on Tuesday last, Rev. J. V. and Mrs. Howey.

Miss Jean Thompson of Toronto is visiting with her parents at the rectory here in town.

Don't forget the moving pictures of Sports Day, in the U.F.A. hall on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Aberman left on Sunday on an extended holiday to the coast.

The first Monday in July being a public holiday, the regular monthly meeting of the village council will be held on Tuesday at 8 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Cruickshank of Calgary are spending a holiday in the district, visiting their relatives and friends.

Earl Brown of Turner Valley, well known old timer of the Crossfield district was in town Tuesday and Wednesday renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Tweedale arrived here on Saturday evening after spending a two week vacation at the West Coast.

Miss Helen Cissell is the new operator at the telephone exchange.

Rain has been prevalent every day and roads are in very bad condition.

Geo. Fleming stopped off a day on his way to Rocky Mountain House where he will act as relief agent at the C.P.R. station there.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Jones of Victoria, B.C. are spending their holidays in the district visiting friends and relatives.

John Carmichael recently discharged from the R.C.A.F. is spending a holiday at the home of his sister, Mrs. W. Stewart.

The annual meeting of the electors and ratepayers of Sub Division 1 of Calgary School Division is to be held in the Ballroom hall on Wednesday, July 3 at 2 p.m.

Raymond Mellon who is attending school at Victoria, B.C. arrived home on Tuesday to spend the holidays with his parents at the Home Cafe. Their daughter Ruby is expected home in a few days from the same place.

Mrs. Joe Gilchrist is in a Calgary hospital recovering from an operation which was performed on Wednesday. Mrs. Gilchrist who has been confined to her home for some time with pleuritis has suffered a set back in her slow struggle to health and was taken to a Calgary hospital where it was found necessary to amputate her right leg.

A very enjoyable community farewell party for Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Mair was held in the Masonic hall on Friday evening June 14th. Cards were played, top honors going to Mrs. C. C. Smart and Ed Fraser, consolations to Mrs. Purvis and Walter Hurt. After a delicious lunch had been served, presentation of a purse to buy a floor lamp was made by Mrs. Dewey Casey, to which both Mr. and Mrs. Mair fittingly responded, inviting their many friends to visit them in Calgary. Mr. and Mrs. Mair have made their home in the Crossfield district for the past 17 years, Mr. Mair having been an active community worker, having served on the school board, church board and as a past president of the Board of Trade. Last week Mrs. Mair chose the lamp and invited their friends to visit them and see it. She wishes the community to know that their Calgary address is 1606-16 A Street East.

No show on June 22nd

## REGULAR FEATURE

Saturday, June 29th

U. F. A. HALL

Also Movies of the

SPORTS DAY

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. K. R. McTavish, a son, on June 20th, in the Holy Cross hospital.

Mrs. Bert Hoover left on Monday to spend a holiday with her daughter at Carleton Place.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Johnston of Calgary spent Sunday at the home of the former's brother, Norman.

Mr. and Mrs. Burt Armstrong, June and son, Gordon, of Los Angeles, California, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Onikes, also visiting there were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Onikes from Drumheller.

A party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Abra last Saturday to celebrate Hobart's umpteenth birthday. Guests included Mr. and Mrs. C. Riddell, Mr. and Mrs. S. Sessler, Mr. and Mrs. Cyde White of Carstairs, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank McNaughton of Calgary.

The Sports Day held in Crossfield on Wednesday last was a huge success in every way. Financially, the committee report a surplus of between \$650.00 and \$700.00 which means a nice addition to the funds of the club taking part in the arrangements. The thanks of the committee are extended to all who helped to make it a success, with a special word of thanks to the members of the Western Riding Club, Lewis McCook, their executive secretary, Jerry Cook, Bill Richard and George McLean who brought up their horses, including one that had taken part in the 30 mile race, and took part in our races and then donated their prize money back to the committee. Thanks are also due to the harness horse men who went to considerable trouble to come here and give us an exhibition. These were J. Cuthbert and Dave Sinclair from Ladysburg, P. McAlone of Calgary and J. Miller of Crossfield. The best horse owned by Sinclair was the winner of two heats in the half mile trot, and Alex Simpson of Aldridge won both the half mile for boys under 18, also the half mile open race.

## MATRIMONIAL

**LAUT-ADAMS**

The home of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Adams, Arbutus district was the scene of a pretty wedding on June 12 when their daughter, Elsie Laura, became the bride of Mr. Robert Laut, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Laut, of Creston, B.C. Rev. K. Scarrow of Ladysburg, performed the ceremony. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, chose a gown of white rayon sheer, with veil, and carried a bouquet of American beauty roses. Her sister, Florence, was bridesmaid. She wore a gown of pink rayon sheer with a bouquet of pink carnations. The groom's brother, Mr. Charles Laut, was best man.

A buffet lunch was served to the wedding guests and later on Mr. and Mrs. Laut left on a honeymoon trip to Creston, B.C. For travelling the bride wore a navy blue suit with white accessories. On their return they will reside in Crossfield.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS  
IN THE ESTATE OF CHRISTINA BISHOP, late of the Village of Crossfield in the Province of Alberta, Widow, Deceased.  
NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Christina Bishop, who died on the 11th day of December, A.D. 1944 are required to file with the administratrix, Edna May Overby, in care of her solicitors, Messrs. Lipsett & Collier at 310 Grain Exchange Bldg. Calgary, Alberta, by the 5th day of August, A.D. 1946, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administratrix will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to her knowledge. DATED at Calgary, Alberta, this 22nd day of June, A.D. 1946.

LIPSETT & COLLIER,  
Solicitors for the Administratrix  
310 Grain Exchange Building,  
Calgary, Alberta.

## CLASSIFIED ADS.

ROSEBUD HEALTH UNIT Well Baby and inoculation clinics will be held once a month as follows: Crossfield United Church Parlor—The first Thursday of each month 2 to 4 p.m. These clinics are free. You are cordially invited to attend.

FOR SALE—Kitchen Range, Wood Heater, Table, Dresser, Gas Lamp and other household articles. Apply A. W. Smart, Phone R603, Crossfield, 17-11p

It is with regret that we announce the passing of Mr. W. Hutton, Sr., on Tuesday. He had been making his home with his son Miller for some time and was quite well known around the district. The funeral took place at Ponoka on Friday.

## LIPSETT and COLLIER

**BARRISTERS and SOLICITORS**  
310 Grain Exchange Bldg.  
**CALGARY**

## A. W. GORDON

**INSURANCE**  
— Agent —  
HAIL — Alberta Hail Insurance Board and Leading Companies  
FIRE — Alberta Government Insurance and Leading Companies  
LIFE — Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada.  
Crossfield : Alberta

## McInnis & Holloway

**Limited**  
**FUNERAL DIRECTORS**  
AT PARK MEMORIAL  
1505 - 4th St. W. M 3030  
**CALGARY**  
DICK ONTKEK, Phone 47  
Local Representative  
**CROSSFIELD**

## REAL ESTATE

**INSURANCE**  
(In all its branches)  
**RENTAL AGENT**  
**CONVEYANCING**  
**FARM LISTINGS WANTED**

## H. MAY

Phone 33 Crossfield.

## TRADE IN THAT OLD CREAM SEPARATOR ON A NEW —

## De Laval

With the increased price of cream it will soon pay for itself. We are also agents for Fairbanks-Morse Electric Light Plants. Water Pressure Systems and Automatic Sizers.

## L. B. BEDDOES

J.I. Case Dealer Phone 67 Residence 68  
Crossfield, Alberta

## Repair Parts

Our mower and rake repair parts bins are full. We bought them early — will you do the same.

They will be scarce later. Look over your sections, sickles, pitmans, bearings, rivets, tongues, bushings, rake teeth, rake axles, seats and anything else your old mower or rake needs and get it now to avoid disappointment later.

## William Laut

The International Man

## TIMELY SUGGESTIONS

**FLY TIME IS HERE !**

Protect your home from these pests with one of our screen or combination doors. We are fortunate in having a good stock on hand.

See our built-in Ironing Cupboards—they're dandies and the price is only \$8.75

## Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

H. R. Fitzpatrick Crossfield, Alberta





## INTERESTING TESTS

Show Bombs Could Not Penetrate Some German Shelters

LONDON.—Joint British-American tests indicate that German engineers toward the end of the war developed protective structures for vital war industries to all bombs then in use, it was disclosed here.

Army Air Force and Royal Air Force bombers for several weeks have been attacking some of these installations in northwestern Germany with British eleven-ton and American 4,500-pound rocket-assisted bombs. Exact results of the operation have been kept secret.

Photographs show big craters blasted in the 20-foot-thick roofs of reinforced concrete pens at Farge, near Bremen, by the eleven-toners, the heaviest bombs in existence. Complete penetration was not shown.

The field also showed the rocket-assisted bombs cutting well into the interlaced layers of steel and concrete, but they did not show, nor would officials reveal, whether penetration was complete. The rocket-assisted bombs were not in use in the European theatre when Germany surrendered.

Authorities said German officials had boasted that two eleven-ton bombs landed on the Farge installation while it was still under construction and caused only slight damage to the roof.

One American Air Force officer who took part in the tests said "I am not an ordnance expert, but I am not entirely sure that one atom bomb would wipe out the Farge installations."

Lieut. Col. Arthur F. Spaeth, of Lakewood, Ohio, said Lancaster, Flying Fortress and Superfortresses have been making similar attacks on concrete factory structures at Muehl-dorf, reinforced pens of Heligoland Island, the Blohm-Boss shipyard pens at Bremen and mines and specially drilled underground shafts in other parts of Germany.

Spaeth said the Farge installation was seventy-five feet high with walls fourteen feet thick, 300 feet wide and 1,330 feet long, with a roof varying in thickness from fifteen to twenty-three feet.

The Farge pens, on the Weser River, made a perfect test target which would have cost American taxpayers \$50,000,000 to duplicate to prove the efficiency of newly developed deep penetration bombs. Such duplicates would have taken years to build.

Spaeth revealed that the operation began with "Project Ruby" at Eglin Field in Florida and was transferred to British air bases several weeks ago. The Americans engaged were 160 officers and enlisted men of the U.S.A.A.F. Proving Ground Command. They used six Flying Fortresses and three Superfortresses modified and stripped down to handle eleven-ton bombs.

Spaeth said the operation would have been kept entirely secret except that the presence of the B-29s in England aroused so much civilian comment that a partial public explanation was deemed necessary.

## MAY SET PRECEDENT

Malcolm MacDonald, the new Governor-General of the Malayan Union, has been inducted into high office as a commoner, and this may set an interesting precedent, says the Ottawa. When the late John Buchan came to Canada as Governor-General it was with a peerage, as Lord Tweedsmuir.

## SPEEDY MACHINE

Machinery can be pretty smart. For example, a machine in use in one British Columbia fish cannery can fill 132 half-pound cans to the minute. Other fish canneries have similar apparatus which operate at similar speed.



THESE REFUGEES WERE BRANDED BY NAZIS IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS.—Liberated refugees exhibit the numbers with which they were branded in Nazi concentration camps. They were among a group of 800 to arrive in New York recently. Mrs. Elsie Springut, her daughter and Moses Fish are shown. Daughter was in five camps.

## Religious Films

American Bible Society Plans To Start On Ambitious Project

Religious films are really getting a shot in the arm with the announcement that the American Bible Society is starting on an ambitious project to film the Bible. Both the Old and the New Testament will be filmed, and the society this difficulty was pointed out by the fact that he arrived in the United States at a time when Americans were acutely conscious of the role which Great Britain was playing as a bulwark against Nazi aggression and acutely concerned over their own responsibilities in the premises. In that tense atmosphere the British Ambassador was a figure of intense interest. It is not surprising that he felt, as he has phrased it, "very much as I did, when, as a very small boy, I went to school for the first time." The same careful appraisal, the same half-suspicious regard, which greets a new boy at school was to be his portion.

After five years it is not necessary to say that Lord Halifax bore himself well in his difficult post. But on his return to England he took with him something more than the consciousness of a task well done on behalf of his own country—he carried the respect and affection of the people among whom he worked during a time of common danger and shared glory. He bore his burdens with dignity, without affectation and with no appreciation of the realities of the American scene which won a warm response. In the regret at the departure of Lord and Lady Halifax there is the consolation that he has promised to return as private citizens, and the American people in reply to Lord Halifax's valedictory as ambassador in his own phrase: "We'll be seeing you."—New York Herald Tribune.

## Installing Radar

Device To Be Standard Equipment In Canada's Merchant Ships

Canadian merchant ships are being equipped with radar "as rapidly as possible," Transport Minister Chevrier told a meeting of the Women's Canadian Club at Cornwall, Ont. He said the National Research Council had perfected a radar set which had been installed on 200 British merchant ships since the end of the war, and he believed radar would be "standard equipment in all ships as rapidly as the device can be installed."

He described the advantages of radar, which made both marine and air navigation "vastly safer and more flexible." Harbors also were being equipped with radar, and harbor masters can "direct ships to their moorings as well in fog as in sunshine."

## Will Be Welcome

Lord Halifax Promised To Visit America As Private Citizen

The curious relationship that exists between British and Americans—a little more than kin, perhaps, but certainly often less than kind—always complicates the problems of the ambassadors whom the two peoples exchange. In the case of the Earl of Halifax this difficulty was pointed out by the fact that he arrived in the United States at a time when Americans were acutely conscious of the role which Great Britain was playing as a bulwark against Nazi aggression and acutely concerned over their own responsibilities in the premises. In that tense atmosphere the British Ambassador was a figure of intense interest. It is not surprising that he felt, as he has phrased it, "very much as I did, when, as a very small boy, I went to school for the first time." The same careful appraisal, the same half-suspicious regard, which greets a new boy at school was to be his portion.

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## Just An Opinion

New British Ambassador To Washington Says Cricket Is Dull

Lord Inverchapel, Britain's new ambassador to Washington, has no time in giving on one great international question an opinion which he possibly hopes will ingratiate him with the American public. Telling Canadian newspaper men on his arrival in Halifax that he hoped to see a baseball game as soon as he reached the United States, he added: "You can put it on record that cricket is the dullest game ever invented." This is not to be taken as an Englishman's renunciation of his national game, for Lord Inverchapel is a native of Caledonia, stern and wild, where cricket has never found so much favor as in England, and it may indeed be merely a return for the opinion, expressed with brutal candor by many Englishmen, that the bagpipes are the most barbarous instrument of music ever played. On both these questions—of sport and of music—much may be said on both sides.—Toronto Telegram.

## DEEP CANYON

The Father-of-Waters was once so powerful a stream that it gouged out a deep canyon five miles wide and with 600-foot sheer walls in what is now the Louisiana delta region. When the flow of the river subsided the canyon gradually filled up with sand and mud, and made the seismographs and other instruments of oil prospectors to bring its features to light again.—Science Newsletter.

## MAKES SEEDING EASY

Amateur gardeners sometimes have difficulty deciding the proper distance to space their seeds. Seed firms plan to relieve them of the responsibility by supplying seed already spaced and mounted on soluble tape which is placed in the row.

## Wave Of Terror

Police Investigate A Japanese Colony In Brazil

Police investigating a wave of terror and assassinations in Brazil's large Japanese colony have unearthed a network of secret societies which may have helped to conquer the country during the war. Some 400 arrests have been made.

Many secluded villages, where only Japanese is spoken and all the customs of Nippon are maintained, are found to be held together by societies dedicated to preserving the belief—astonishing to outsiders—that Japan won the war.

Bands of Japanese youth are blamed for the deaths of two Japanese businessmen who tried to tell the colonists that Japan was defeated. Police believe these bands were inspired by the various secret societies.

The societies are also held responsible for other attempts at assassination, and some 15 stabbings and shootings. The largest society is the Shondo Remmel, with 100,000 members pledged to preserve imperial traditions and suspected of planning to take over Sao Paulo state.

Within Shendo is a more exclusive band called Zaiho Zaiho Omjin Kai, an association of former Japanese army officers who served as supervisors of the whole network. Provision was made for a military training centre to instill Japanese tactics.

## Feed Scarcity

Great British Now Halves Animal Feeding Staff Ration

Following upon the increase in the flour extraction rate in the United Kingdom to 90 per cent, the United Kingdom Ministry of Agriculture announces that from May to September the basic feeding stuff rations for pigs and poultry will be reduced to a basis of one-twelfth the pre-war numbers. Smaller issues than last year will also be made for the autumn calving cows. At the same time, Britain's farmers are urged to increase their own production of feeding stuffs to the maximum by such measures as silage making. Pig and poultry keepers will thus be receiving less feeding stuff than during the war, but it is estimated they will be limited to about ten per cent of their pre-war purchases. Until last month they were receiving a ration based on one quarter the pre-war numbers.

The present ration is half the ration previously announced for the period beginning the 1st of May. United Kingdom pig and poultry farmers, who were hoping to build up the livestock population, are thus asked to make a considerable sacrifice in the interests of the starving people of the world. This sacrifice will also be felt by the general British public, when the supplies of pig meat and eggs diminish.

## PROVED HIS CLAIM

Dentistry can be painless, claims Dr. Rogers E. McMahon, Montreal extraction specialist, and he proved it before the National Convention of Canadian Dentists by pulling the tooth of a Toronto dentist who didn't even flinch an eye-lash during the extraction. Dr. McMahon then performed extractions for three patients, working at the convention hall, none of whom reported any pain.

## SOME COMPENSATION

Lady Harrigan on the BBC said: "The bombed sites have produced lots of flowering plants that one never saw in London before the war, and these have provided feeding grounds for thousands of birds in the very centre of London. And—this is the odd thing—some of these species haven't been seen in London for ages. I hope we shan't lose them all when the re-building of London begins in good earnest."—2676

## World-Changing Event

Appearance Of First Car Created Great Stir In Detroit

DETROIT.—On March 6, 1896, the putting of a small gasoline engine sounded the end of the Horse and Buggy era and the beginnings of the Auto Age.

It was on that day that Charles Brady King, then a young mechanic, drove out of his machine shop here in a contraption destined to be as well-changing to the people of that day as the atom bomb is to the citizen of the so-called modern age.

And only a few weeks later, on June 4, another inventor by the name of Henry Ford brought forth his version of the "horseless" carriage in Detroit.

Some 50 years ago in Cleveland, J. W. Packard tied his horse in the stable, pulled his derby down over his ears, and chugged out of Cleveland for his home town of Warren—32 miles away—in "one of those new-fangled gasoline buggies."

Within two miles his troubles began. A tire blew out.

He repaired it with a mixture of glue and feathers, only to have the whole concoction burst in his face.

Once the steering lever spun around to knock Mr. Packard into the dust.

Another time he leaped out on a hill to put rocks behind the tires when the brakes slipped.

He was under the car four times in the first 20 miles. Finally, the radiator sprung a leak, the drive chain broke and his engine quit. Mr. Packard arrived at Warren behind a team of horses.

Later, Mr. Packard wrote to the car makers, suggesting a few improvements. Their reply was tart: "If you are so smart why don't you build your own car?"

He did. That was in 1898, just two years after the first recorded sale of passenger cars and trucks.

The automobile industry has chosen the King and Ford dates as symbolic of the birth of the auto and joined this year in a gigantic celebration centering in the Auto Capital.

All over the country, dealers, part-makers, and other allied interests took part in a 12-day celebration of the Golden Jubilee.

## Building Permits

Record Value Issued During The Month Of April

The huge demand for housing accommodation in Canada is reflected in a record value for building permits issued in April, the dominion bureau of statistics reported.

The value of permits issued in 185 municipalities reported jumped to \$23,855,377 in April, the highest ever recorded for the month. It was a substantial increase from the \$20,567,003 total in March and \$17,849,385 for April, 1945.

A record aggregate value also was reported for permits for the first four months of the year, with a total of \$124,085,788 compared with the previous high of \$72,966,937 in 1929.

## PLAYING ROBIN HOOD

Robin Hood and his merry men have stolen the thunder of the atom bomb. In every suburb in London, on the commons and in the parks, children are playing with bows and arrows. Trees in gardens of bomb-damaged houses are being strung for branches for weapons. The craze may have been inspired by a recent film.

## INCREASED SALARIES

British Members Of Parliament Get More Pay Without Going On Strike

Members of Parliament in the British House have voted themselves a salary increase.

Prime Minister Attlee (\$40,000 a year) and other members of the cabinet (\$20,000) will receive their present salary, but rank-and-file members will receive \$4,000 instead of \$2,400.

The increase will cost \$1,000,000 a year.

The first \$100 of members' salaries will be admitted as expenses, free from income tax. Railroad season tickets will be given members traveling between their homes and Parliament at least four times a week.

Hugh Dalton, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said provision would be made for members of the House of Lords to receive the cost of April fares incurred in attending Parliament.

There were objections from a few Conservatives who thought the house should guard against any suggestion that they were taking advantage of their privileged position to "feather their own nest," but others agreed the rise was justified because of the increased cost of living.

## Industry Training

Enrolment Of More Than 102,000 Men Is Reported

A great enrolment of more than 102,000 men in vocational training for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1946, was reported to the Commons by Labor Minister Hon. H. Mitchell.

He tabled the annual report of R. F. Thompson, director of training.

Reflected was the influx of veterans into training schools. Of total enrolment, nearly 53,000, or more than half, were veterans taking rehabilitation courses. The only comparative figure was the 36,000 supervisors and foremen taking industrial classes.

Other categories were youth training, student aid and tradesmen for the services. All these divisions are carried on through Dominion-provincial agreements.

Appropriations administered during the year totalled more than \$13,000,000.

There appeared to be danger of overcrowding in such fields as electricians, plumbers, radio technicians, watch repair and, to a certain extent, motor mechanics and machinists. In others such as painting, decorating and plastering, the numbers enrolled were far below anticipated demands by industry.

## Corrosion-Proof Steel

To Be Used For Containers By British Food Manufacturing Industries

Chemical and food manufacturing industries have hitherto encountered difficulties entailed by the fact that steel containers are liable to corrosion. Nickel has often been substituted for steel, but this was only possible in cases where the value of the article justified the use of such expensive material. The British industry has now succeeded in finding a practical and economical solution to the problem. The steel plate is "clad" with a layer of pure solid nickel, varying between five and 20% according to the aggregate thickness of the plate and the service for which it is required. The pure nickel is rolled on to the steelplate at a temperature high enough to ensure a permanent, true and sound bond. Since the co-efficients of thermal expansion of steel and nickel are practically the same, these plates can be used at maximum temperatures. The use of these nickel-clad steel plates instead of pure nickel, means a saving in cost of nearly 50%.

Tomatoes were not eaten before the middle of the 19th century because they were believed poisonous.

## "NEXT AGGRESSOR"



—Gall in the London News of the World.

MARRIAGE REVEALS WHEREABOUTS OF CHILD.—Mexican marriage of J. B. McDonald, former U.S. army officer, to Mrs. J. G. B. Mills, revealed whereabouts of her daughter Denise, who was spirited away from England.

# Science Has Proven That Wheat Grains Of Great Antiquity Cannot Be Made To Germinate

(By H. J. Bunker, M.A., F.R.I.C., in the HBC Bulletin)

FROM time to time we read of claims that wheat grains and other seeds recovered from ancient tombs have been planted, and, in spite of great antiquity have grown to produce fine healthy plants. These stories are usually put out in perfectly good faith. A few years ago an Englishman of unimpeachable honesty brought home from Egypt some seeds which were undoubtedly genuine; it was quite certain that they were several thousands of years old. The gentleman had these seeds planted in his garden, and to the amazement of those "in the know" they produced a very fine crop of plants, indistinguishable from modern varieties. On further investigation, however, it was found that the gentleman's gardener thinking it most unlikely that the poor-looking seeds his master had brought home from Egypt would produce much of a show, had planted modern seeds alongside the old, in order, as he said, not to disappoint his master. The deception was certainly well-meant.

Mummy grains and seeds taken from ancient Egyptian tombs and of doubtful authenticity have, from time to time, been planted under strict scientific supervision, and it can definitely be said that whenever this has been done in no single instance has any of this seed or grain ever germinated. Such are the facts, disappointing though they may be.

What, then, are the actual facts as regards the longevity of seeds? Naturally, it varies immensely with different types of seeds, and without going into great detail, I can give you two interesting cases cited by Dr. Hambleton, keeper of the botanical department at the British Museum of Natural History at South Kensington.

As the result of air-raid damage to the herbarium of the museum in 1940, the seeds of some plants got damp, including a type of Mimosa which had been brought home from China in 1793. In spite of their long sleep of 147 years in the herbarium the seeds germinated.

But this is not the record. A seed of the Sacred Lotus plant of the Nile (Nelumbium speciosum) was found with concentrated sulphuric acid and then with water, and in a matter of a few hours it germinated, and is actually growing now at Kew Gardens. This specimen is known to have been collected 237 years ago. This is the longest period of seed viability of which we are absolutely certain. It is true, certain seeds of the same plant taken from peat deposits in Manchuria were germinated, and these deposits were thought to be three to four hundred years old, but we cannot be certain.

We do not know what determines the ultimate length of life of seeds, or why there is any limit to their viability. So far, we only know that the toughest do not normally germinate after two or three hundred years.

Perhaps one of the most interesting tests which has been done on the length of life of seeds or spores was a little experiment I was able to carry out some years back when Tutankhamen's tomb was discovered.

It occurred to some of us that here we had a case of a tomb which had definitely not been opened for over 3,000 years, so that we would have an opportunity of seeing whether bacterial spores (which are highly resistant) or indeed any other form of life had managed to survive 3,000 centuries of dormancy.

So when the inner chamber of the tomb, embodying the golden shrines round the royal sarcophagus was opened, sterile swabs which we had sent out from England were wiped on the walls and on various objects in the chamber. They were then sent home to us for bacteriological examination. In every case the contents proved to be sterile. Indeed, the same applied to the various mould fungi and insects which were also found in the tomb: all were dead. The last spark of life had gone out some time during those 3,000 years. So the cold facts of science have shattered these two stories about mummy wheat and disease-producing microbes living on in the tombs of the Pharaohs.

## Was Also In Canada

Coronation Scot, Famous Train, Has Gone Back To England

The Coronation Scot, crack British train viewed by millions at the New York World's Fair, has gone back to England where it will again be put into passenger service. The locomotive was returned in 1942 for wartime use. The rest of the train was turned over to the American Army which used it at Jeffersonville, Ind., as an officers' headquarters in the Quartermaster Depot there.

## MAKING IT SAFE

Petroleum chemists have succeeded in harnessing hydrocarbons into fuel as safe as kerosene, but with combustion properties equal to 100-octane aviation fuel. A lighted match can be dropped into it without it exploding.

## New Crystal Palace

Will Be Symbol Of Peace, Prosperity

The winning design for a new Crystal Palace to replace the famous London, England, landmark that was destroyed by fire in November, 1936, will provide Britain with an unparalleled exhibition, recreational and cultural centre.

The winners of the \$10,000 prize offered for the best design were disclosed the other day to be two Birmingham architects, Herbert Jackson and Reginald Edmonds, who have planned a structure that is intended to be as much a symbol of peace, prosperity and industry as was the first Crystal Palace, erected in Hyde Park for the Exhibition of 1851—but with the difference that the new buildings will not be made of glass but of steel framed, reinforced concrete.

It provides for a main entrance hall, an amphitheatre for opera and ballet and will house a small theatre, concert hall and dance hall. The sports stadium will seat 100,000 persons, and there will also be a swimming pool and an ice hockey and skating rink. Estimated to cost \$60,000,000, the project may be completed in five or six years, architects say.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Status Of Women

Have A Definite Role To Play In Uplift Of World

A sub-committee on the status of women told the United Nations Economic and Social Council that women have a "definite role" to play in the building of a free, healthy and moral world. She could fulfill this obligation "only as a free and responsible member."

In a report on the functions of the permanent sub-committee to be established by the council, the nuclear sub-committee recommended that the work be continued until women have reached "equal footing with men in all fields of human enterprise." Attainment of equality in political rights and improvements in civil, educational, social and economic fields were equally important and "should be attacked simultaneously." The sub-committee recommended that "world opinion be stimulated in favor of raising the status of women as an instrument to further human rights and peace." It "expects the full collaboration and support of the governments of all the United Nations in their endeavors to raise the status of women throughout the world." It also urged that a United Nations women's conference be called to further the program.

## A GIANT TREE FELLED

A dry trunk full of unusual size, estimated to contain enough timber to build five or six average-sized houses, has been felled in the Watona State forest, in the far north to New Zealand. Forty-seven feet long, the trunk had a girth of 30 feet, and it took four men two whole days to fell the tree with a 12-foot saw.

MUSIC prominently associated with Nazism or militarism is not permitted in the British zone of occupation in Germany, J. B. Hynd, minister responsible for British occupation policies in Germany, told the house of commons.

## SINGING COWBOYS WILL BLAZE TRAIL FROM VANCOUVER TO HALIFAX

A singing trail will be made across Canada by "Sleepy" Leslie Brian Frost and "Sweet" Nils Nilsen, travelling by horseback from Vancouver, B.C., to Halifax. They will empty a bottle of Pacific water into the Atlantic. Eight months is estimated trip time.



MRS. JACK MINER CHOSEN MOST OUTSTANDING WOMAN IN CANADA—Mrs. Jack Miner, widow of the late Jack Miner, Canadian Naturalist, has been chosen by The Alaska Sports and Wildlife Club "as Canada's most outstanding woman" in Canada for 1946. She married the late Jack Miner some fifty-five years ago and was always active with him in establishing the Jack Miner Bird Sanctuary. She has three sons, namely, Manly F., who is 48 years of age; Ted, who is 47, and Jasper, who is 35. All are active at home carrying on the activities on The Jack Miner Wild Bird refuge. On Mother's Day, Mrs. Jack Miner received the following air mail special delivery letter from The Alaska Sports and Wildlife Club with headquarters at Ketchikan, Alaska. It read:

"Mrs. Jack Miner, you have been chosen as the most outstanding woman in Canada for 1946 by the Alaska Sports and Wildlife Club for your noble work and deeds in wildlife protection. The principles of wildlife sanctuary which your family founded way back in 1904 has provided food, shelter and safety zone for countless thousands of wild ducks and geese each year. Your ideals are everything that our club stands for, namely, protecting, propagating, increasing and improving the habitat for all wildlife, and co-operation with all associations having similar objectives. Yours truly, Signed by Harry T. Cowan, Vice-Pres., in behalf of Alaska Sports and Wildlife Club."

## Pre-Stressed Concrete

Was First Used In War By Canadian Engineers

The Canadian Army overseas was the first to use pre-stressed concrete in military operations. G. Maguel, head of the department of civil engineering at the University of Ghent, Belgium, said in an address to the Quebec branch of the Engineering Institute of Canada. He said the initial step in the use of pre-stressed concrete in modern warfare was taken by the Canadian Engineering Corps under Maj. Gaston Gille of Sherbrooke, Que., at Ghent in September, 1944, when two beams of pre-stressed concrete were used as a bridge over the Terneuzen Canal for pipeline bringing gasoline from Ostend to Ghent.

## NOT PERMITTED

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## Artificial Breathing

New Technique In Treatment For Tuberculosis Gives Lungs Rest

PHILADELPHIA.—It is possible to dispense with voluntary breathing "for hours at a time," contends Dr. Alvan L. Barach of Columbia University. Describing a new technique for treating tuberculosis, Dr. Barach told the closing session of the 27th meeting of the American College of Physicians that in the last 10 years the treatment has contributed to the recovery of six out of 12 patients with advanced tuberculosis of both lungs. Dr. Barach said the patients were treated in enclosed chambers where artificial ventilation of the lungs was substituted for the patient's own breathing.

## DRIVEN TO IT

The Kingston Whig-Standard says that a fashion authority says that a man takes a drink when depressed but that a woman buys a hat. And after seeing the hat, the man often takes another drink.

# Celebrate The Anniversary Of Liberation Of Channel Islands Which Have Been Loyal To Britain

EARLY in May, the Channel Islands, the only part of the British Isles occupied by the Germans, celebrated their anniversary liberation. The German Occupation Forces' Surrender was signed on the destroyer Bulldog, but anniversary visitors to the Islands included the battleship King George The Fifth and the cruiser Bellona.

## Assist Norway

Will Use Landing Craft For Post-War Reconstruction

One of the main wartime tasks of British shipbuilders was the building of landing craft for transporting troops and tanks across the sea and landing them during the invasion at difficult points along the coast. The same craft with which the invasion operations were carried through was ample proof of the suitability of these tank landing craft for this purpose. They are now to be put into service in the interests of reconstruction, for example, in North Norway where many quays and jetties were destroyed by the Germans. In parts Norway the coastline is so inaccessible that normal ships, even under ordinary circumstances, are unable to land. The British Government has declared its readiness to help and the Norwegian Government has just purchased ten of these British tank landing craft. These flat-bottomed boats can be brought right up to the beaches, the bow comes up to form a gangway and the heavier lorries or other cargo can be driven off or unloaded on the beach without difficulty. Five of these craft have arrived in Norway and have already been put into service.

## Not A Surprise

Man Who Ordered Destruction Of Lidice Expected Death Penalty

No surprise to anyone was the sentence of death passed upon Karl Herman Frank, erstwhile Nazi "protector" of Czechoslovakia—a sentence promptly put into effect on the gallows. Let it of all was it a surprise to Frank, who heard himself condemned for contributing to the death of at least 1,700 Czechs, and above all for ordering the destruction of the village of Lidice, the execution of its men and the enslavement of its women. Frank was in relation to the assassination of Reinhold Heydrich, another Nazi despot.

Frank confessed he had issued the Lidice order, but he tried to evade the consequences by seeking to be tried by the International Tribunal at Nuremberg rather than by a Czech court.

"In the whole Czech nation," he said, "there is not a person who would not hate me or be my enemy." The correctness of that statement is beyond dispute. He did his brutal best to make it so. His execution is punishment, not retaliation.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

## Disperse Fog

Science Uses The Trick With High Frequency Waves

A new device now being tested at the navy's experimental field at Arcata, Calif., scatters high-frequency sound waves at fog—and presto, the fog particles condense into rain, thus clearing visibility.

During the war the British pioneered the use of F.D.C., a fog disperser which burned high octane gas and took sometimes as much as \$5,000 worth to land one plane.

The navy has a new disperser, named ELMER, which is expected to do the job for around \$150. But more recently it has been experimenting with sound devices. The first attempts were made with a battery of sirens and while successful in that these turned fog into rain, the noise nauseated personnel on the field.

Now high-frequency supersonic vibrations with up to 40,000 cycles per second—150 octaves higher than high C—and completely inaudible to human ears, are being used. These are expected to be still more effective and cheaper as well.—Science Newsletter.

## Glass-Fabric Dyeing

Process Found To Dye Glass In Same Manner As Textiles

Ever since glass-thread and glass fabric were produced, the need has arisen to dye these glass-substances by similar methods to those employed in ordinary textile dyeing. The great obstacle to the success of these experiments has, of course, been the very nature of the glass which is unsuited to absorb the dyes normally used in textiles. A United Kingdom firm has now been able to overcome all obstacles and develop a process enabling glass to be dyed in the same way as textiles. The great advance in this epoch-making discovery, is that the dyeing process can be carried out without the necessity of silencing machinery. The machinery can, therefore, be used alternatively for glass-fabric or for ordinary textiles.

The Channel Islands were occupied at the end of June 1940, after the United Kingdom Government was reluctantly obliged to withdraw the garrisons. Civilians were given the chance to leave, and twenty-eight per cent. of the total population of a hundred thousand came to Britain. Ten thousand joined the armed forces. The Emergency Government in the Islands maintained formal relations with the Germans, but left them in no doubt that they were enemies. Individual heroism included aid to British secret service agents and allied airmen and listening to the B.B.C. despite the German ban. After liberation, honours conferred by the King for services during the occupation included knighthoods for three of the leading Islanders. One result of the occupation was that one quarter of the population was brought to starvation level.

After liberation "the awakening from a nightmare," proper food and clothing rationing was soon introduced and coal and clothes brought from the United Kingdom. The evacuees returned and the Islands are resuming their normal tourist traffic far as the shortage of shipping and German destruction of buildings and furniture allow. Of the two principal crops, potatoes will again come to the United Kingdom this year, but potatoes have suffered from the Colorado beetle, introduced during the German occupation, and the famous Jersey and Alderney cattle breeds are still intact, though depleted. Alderney, converted by the Germans into a great fortress, has dealt in a revolutionary way with a special problem. The Germans reserved centuries old field boundary stones for the fortifications, so now the farmers are running Alderney as a "collective farm" pooling their resources. The United Kingdom Government has offered the Island seven and a half million pounds towards the total thirteen and a half million cost of reconstruction. Thus the oldest possession of the British Crown, the only survival of the Dukedom of Normandy, which sent William the Conqueror to England, resumes its connections with Britain, to which it has been loyal through the centuries.

## For Many Limes



Something to brag about—limes embroidered with proud peacocks! Varied in size, they're lovely on towels, scarfs, tray cloths, pillows. Simple stitchery in brilliant colors makes rewarding handwork. Pattern 7297 has transfer of eight peacocks 6 x 11 1/2 to 5 x 6 1/2 inches.



by Alice Brooks.

Something to brag about—limes embroidered with proud peacocks! Varied in size, they're lovely on towels, scarfs, tray cloths, pillows. Simple stitchery in brilliant colors makes rewarding handwork. Pattern 7297 has transfer of eight peacocks 6 x 11 1/2 to 5 x 6 1/2 inches. To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper, Union, 170 McDermott Avenue, Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number. Our newest Needlework Book, 1948 edition, is yours for only Twenty Cents more—104 illustrations of designs for crochets, knitting, toys, home decoration, embroidery, and a Free Pattern for three pitholders printed in the book.

## MILLION TONS OF RICE

British engineers are building a pipeline across the Black River in Siam as part of an attempt to establish a direct rail link between Singapore and Northern Siam. The 1,000,000 tons of rice from the latter area for famine areas of Malaya and Burma, Major G. N. Russell said.



## THROUGH ATOMIC ENERGY NEW OIL AGE POSSIBLE

New Additions To World's Supply Is Suggested

A new atomic-age approach toward unveiling the earth's oil secret was suggested on the eve of the American Chemical Society's 109th meeting in Atlantic City, N.J. The suggestion contains the startling challenge that fabulous new additions to the world's known supplies of petroleum may be possible. It was made by a group of Massachusetts Institute of Technology scientists, who offered laboratory evidence in support of a theory that crude oil is formed by the radioactive transformation of familiar organic substances—brought about by atomic bombardment of matter in the bowels of the earth.

If this hypothesis proves sound, it will mean a revolution in prospecting for oil, chemists believe. Conceivably instruments designed to trace intense radioactivity could serve as electronic "divining rods" to detect oil accumulations below the earth's surface. It is further suggested that it might even be possible, and economically feasible, to produce synthetic petroleum products, including gasoline, in atomic energy plants.

Chemists Irving A. Brager, Charles W. Sheppard and Virginia Burton gave the chemical society's organic division this outline of the background of the problem and their researches:

While man uses petroleum in some form every day of his life, he still does not know how it is formed in the earth.

The generally accepted theory is that most petroleum originates in the remains of plants and animals which have been deposited on the ocean bottom and which have then been buried by layers of mud and sand. On the basis of this theory, the rich oil deposits of Texas, Oklahoma and other States originated in inland seas in the dim geologic past.

For a long time, scientists thought that high temperatures contributed the energy that converted buried earth matter into oil. But relatively recent experiments have demonstrated that oil is formed at temperatures sufficiently low to preclude high heat as a factor.

So the M.I.T. investigators started working on the theory that radioactivity of various minerals in the earth may provide atomic fireworks sufficient to transform buried proteins, fats and other complex substances into oil for the furnaces and engines of the world.—Canadian Finance.

## Burning Money

Many Bank Bills Destroyed Each Week In Crematorium

There's a drab little room in Ottawa where between \$10,000 and \$50,000 in bills is burned each week day. It's the Bank of Canada's crematorium in Ottawa where the country's dog-eared folding money is disposed of.

The burning is accompanied by an impressive ceremony. Representatives of the bank's current affairs department to the specially-guarded chamber through a series of safe-like doors.

On arrival four of the officials—each with a special key—unlock one of the four locks on the door of the furnace. Then they inspect the ashes of a previous fire to make sure no useable traces of the bills are left.

## Wants Credit

For Discovering That A Sealion Could Balance Ball On Its Nose

The man who claimed to have discovered that a sealion could balance a ball on its nose wants credit on his tombstone, his will revealed in London.

The naturalist, who died in December, asked that his epitaph be "Joseph Woodward, F.R.S., naturalist, discoverer of latent quark-like powers given to sea lion species."

The will left \$12,000 to three hospitals to endow beds for circus and variety performers and \$4,000 to the Salvation Army to give them Bibles.

## Train Natives

For Medical Work Among Own People In Pacific Islands

Twenty-one young natives of Guam, Rota, American Samoa and the Marshall Islands are being trained at Honolulu by the U.S. Navy for medical work among their own people.

## Milk, Butter Shortage? You Can't Blame It On Graymar Bessie



Champion Holstein milk producer is Graymar Bessie, shown with Betty Coats of Trafalgar, Ontario. 26,629 pounds of milk. Bessie's output in 14 days would fill these cans. Last year she turned out...

## New Kind Of Gun

Used In Tests To Shoot Pilot Out Of Jet Plane

A new kind of gun that shoots a pilot out of a jet plane is being developed for the United States Army Air Force.

This gun stretches like a telescope, while firing. In the cockpit, behind the aviator's chair, the gun is only 38 inches long—the longest a fighter cockpit will accommodate. As it shoots, it stretches to five feet, providing velocity without reaching the high accelerative force necessary with a 38-inch stroke.

The ejector began as a war project. It is even more necessary now, since all the jets and any other planes approaching the speed of sound will require test pilots.

The gun shoots out the pilot at a speed of 60 feet a second—while he sits in his cockpit chair, ejecting both man and seat. The gun is hooked to the seat back by a long tube that fits the gun barrel like a projectile.

Both dummies and living men have been shot upward in laboratory tests. There, seat and occupants are propelled on a 30 foot track, fitted with brakes to stop them before reaching the top.

The top acceleration that a man can take without risk of crushed vertebrae still is undetermined.

Wind blast is one risk. Because jets fly at high altitudes the pilot must wear an oxygen mask, goggles and helmet. Modifications of these have been made to prevent blowing off and to prevent injury to the face. The Germans tried similar experiments, apparently using prisoners.

Photographs show that features become temporarily distorted. The flesh is forced back in ripples, the gels under eyelids and puff them out. Nose tips flatten like being pushed down by a finger.

## Proud Of Alexander

People Of Irish Town Greatly Interested In Native Son

In no part of the world have the accounts of the installations of Field Marshal Viscount Alexander of Tunis as Governor-General of Canada been read with keener interest than in his native Ulster. Lord Alexander is one of a brilliant group of Allied war leaders whose names have been added to the Freedom of Belfast's Honorary Freeman. County Tyrone is specially proud of its distinguished son. When Princess Elizabeth recently drove through Caledon she was quick to notice a banner with the words: "This is Caledon, Field Marshal Alexander's home town." Ulster folk are sure that Viscount Alexander's genius as a soldier—"one of the greatest military leaders in world history," as Mr. Mackenzie King truly said—will be equalled by those other outstanding gifts which qualify him so well to be the representative in Canada of His Majesty the King.—Ulster Commentary.

## Train Natives

For Medical Work Among Own People In Pacific Islands

Twenty-one young natives of Guam, Rota, American Samoa and the Marshall Islands are being trained at Honolulu by the U.S. Navy for medical work among their own people.

They are enrolled in a four-year medical course at the Native Medical Practitioners' School established by the Navy Military Government and headed by Capt. Richard H. Fletcher, MC, USNR, of Spokane.

## BANANA DESCRIBED

This is how an Oriental student at an American college described the banana: "The banana is great remarkable fruit. It is constructed on the same architectural style as sausage. Difference being skin of sausage are habitually consumed, while it is not advisable to eat wrapping of banana. Bananas are held aloft when devoured; sausage are left reclining position."

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## Adopted Them All

Widow Looked After Crews Of 16 Ships During War

PLYMOUTH—Sailors of the Royal Navy and ex-sailors with very new civilian suits joined an admiral in cheering a frail, white-haired, black-clad widow on the quarterdeck of H.M.S. Tartar here recently. The widow, who was holding in her hands a silver model of a Tribal class destroyer, could not hide her tears.

She was Mrs. M. Manrahan, of New York, who during the war adopted all the 16 ships of the 1st and 2nd Destroyer Flotillas.

The men who cheered had seen her picture—it hung in the ward room of each of the 16 ships—but this was the first time they had seen Aunt May, as she was known to the Tribal men, in the flesh.

She had come from America for the presentation. Many of the men had come from distant parts of Britain and brought their wives to see the woman who had done so much for them.

Aunt May spent and talked ceaselessly to provide comforts for her progenies of the sea. Now they thanked her.

"I have loved England ever since I first visited your country as a tiny child 50 years ago," she told a respondent.

## Not An Improvement

Steel-Making City Has Replaced Orange Groves In Brazil

A new steel-making city has sprung up at Volta Redonda, Brazil, built by experts trained in the United States. "Five years ago there were orange groves here," we read. "Now there are houses, stores, paved streets, community centres, social clubs, schools, buses, a hospital, a movie house and a hotel; soon there will be office buildings and a bank, and already the gas from the coke ovens is curling skyward. It must have been nice there in the orange-grove days."

## INFORMATION WANTED

If "early to bed and early to rise" makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise," Who can explain to me why in the chicken?—S. Omar Barker in Country Gentleman.

## DISAPPOINTED, BUT NOT DISCOURAGED



—Carmack in the Christian Science Monitor.

## British Films

To Develop And Train New Talent For The Industry

Something new in the way of a film company has been formed in Britain. It is called The Company of Youth and will develop and train new talent for the industry.

"In no other industry is the development of young talent so neglected as it is in the motion picture studios," says Sydney Box, leading producer.

"We want to treble the output of British films, but we are doing nothing to develop the people who would be vital to the industry when expansion takes place."

The films will be made by new directors with scripts written by brand new writers. Six films will be made this year and they will be "B" pictures, but not quickies. They will be the result of months of work by fresh and enthusiastic young brains.

The Company of Youth, expects to lose money on these films but they feel that the new stars and technicians developed will make it worth while.

Response to the project has been enthusiastic with more than 3,000 applications to date.

## Defence Science

Conference By Commonwealth Scientists To Be Held

LONDON—An informal conference on defence science is to be held shortly by British Commonwealth scientists and service representatives, the Dominions Office announced.

It follows, as a more specific and detailed examination of Commonwealth defence problems, the general discussions which have been taking place in London.

The conference will make recommendations for the effective collaboration of Commonwealth countries in matters of scientific research, large-scale defence investigations and future exchange of information.

The chairman will be Sir Henry Tizard, the British radar scientist.

## WORKING TO MUSIC

Music is being used in Holland to teach recruits at a new government-organized vocational school for carpenters the correct rhythm on sawing and planing. The driving of nails into timber also is done to music.

## Selected Immigrants

Canada Certainly Has Plenty Of Room For More People

The Government's announcement that relatives of Canadians will be permitted to enter the Dominion from foreign countries, providing their Canadian relatives can support and house them, should be welcomed. It is a just and humane act, common sense. There are people, we know, who would keep out everybody from this country except selected immigrants from the United Kingdom and the United States, but their wisdom is questionable.

This country, rich in resources and vast in space, has but 12,000,000 people. For these twelve million people to claim right to sit on such a continent, to claim it as their own, is something that can't be defended in justice, or wisdom. Either we admit other peoples to share what we have got, or other peoples will boycott us in other ways, with some of the ways pretty harmful.—Ottawa Journal.

## Painless Operation

Montreal Specialist Demonstrates How To Pull A Tooth Without Any Pain

Dentistry can be painless, claims Dr. Roger E. McMahon, Montreal extraction specialist, and he proved it before the national convention of Canadian dentists by pulling the tooth of a Toronto dentist who didn't even flick an eyelash during the extraction.

Dr. McMahon, demonstrator in ophthalmology at McGill University and dental consultant for several Montreal hospitals, then performed extractions for three patients, working at the convention hall, none of whom reported any pain.

He was able to eliminate even the slight pain caused by the injection of a needle for the local anesthetic.

## Lived To Tell It

Two Australians Had Terrifying Experience With Electric Current

Two Adelaide men who had 33,000 volts of alternating current pass through their bodies lived to tell their tale.

First: There was a terrific crash. I blacked out for a few moments. Somehow I remained at the top of the ladder. Alternating current holds you. I don't know much more than that. It was all over in a flash.

Second: A tremendous roar was all I heard. I felt as if all my muscles were being tightened up and knotted—as if something was trying to pull the whole of my body inside out. The current passing through me set light to the grass where I was standing. I thought my ears would burst with the noise. Australian News Letter.

## A Real Home

Twenty-Seven Generations Have Lived On Estate In Isle Of Wight

BRADING, Isle of Wight.—For nearly 900 years there have been Oglinders living at Nunwell Park—ever since the 3,000-acre estate was given to Richard d'Orville by William the Conqueror in 1066 in recognition of the part he played in subduing the island.

Today this beautiful 50-roomed house—one of the oldest in the country—is occupied by Brig.-Gen. C. F. Aspinall-Oglander, 27th generation of Oglinders to live there.

## BACK IN LONDON

The pre-war "trademark" of Canada Police constable in scarlet tunic and gold-trimmed breeches—has returned to the London scene. The constable was Cpl. N. E. W. Baker of Ottawa, who took up duties at the entrance to Canada House.

## MANY KIDNAPPED CHILDREN FOUND BY THE U.N.R.R.A.

Ten Thousand Children Have Been Located During The Last Five Months

Ten thousand children kidnapped by the Nazis from occupied countries have been found by the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration's child-search teams in Germany during the last five months, it was announced.

Many have become almost completely germanized. The German kidnap plan had as its objective the swelling of the country's manpower. Investigation revealed that entire classrooms of children often were marched off to railway box cars by unchivalrous Nazis.

The 97 children of Lidice—the martyr village of Czechoslovakia, were among the groups thus treated. Nine of these children have been located and have told how they were taken to Poland and then dispersed among various institutions and homes in Silesia and Germany.

Kidnapped children were screened by intelligence tests and the more superior often were sent to special schools where potential S.S. men were educated. Others were used for scientific experiments.

## New Book

Describes 'Fierce Engagements In Which Canadians Took Part'

Commenting on his new book "Normandy to Baltic" on the 1st Canadian Army's action, February, 1945, from the Nijmegen salient through the Reichswald and the Hordel on the River Rhine, Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery says the German paratroopers which Gen. Crerar's force met fought with an unpreparedness that was entirely unexpected. Lord Montgomery reveals that the Germans had available against the 1st Canadian Army some 700 mortars and more than 1,000 guns of different calibre. The volume of fire from the German weapons was the heaviest met by Canadian and British troops in the western front campaign.

"While Normandy to Baltic" does not give any specific mention as to where the greatest concentration of enemy fire was during the battle in the Rhineland Lord Montgomery predicts that the 2nd Canadian Corps had in the Hochwald where the enemy made his stiffest stand.

Field Marshal Montgomery says that main features of this operation, given the code name "Veritable," were the appalling weather conditions in the early stages and intense enemy opposition. Canadian and British forces under Gen. Crerar fought the battle of the Scheldt, the offensive strength of the 21st Army group.

## Television Development

Although Far Off, Sir Ernest Flak Says It Is A Technical Possibility

Empire newspapermen in London heard the prediction that the day will come—although it is still far off, when "most spot news and nearly all entertainment" will be transmitted by television instead of by the press.

At a luncheon meeting of the sixth Imperial Press Conference, delegates heard Sir Ernest Flak, governor-general of British Columbia and industrialist. Limited, say that there now is "a technical possibility" that the entire world could be covered by television.

"Television is here today as a great public service," Sir Ernest said. "It is not a service which has any direct bearing on the news of the press, but it is a service which the press must take notice of."

"The day, I think, will come—and I apologize for saying this—when most spot news and nearly all entertainment will go into the homes of the people by radio. If you dislike us for that, we say we are sorry, but we could not help it and it had to be done. But that day is far off."

## New Industry

Two Australian Girls Make A Living By Darning Socks

SYDNEY, Australia.—Two Sydney girls have found a good living in darning socks for bachelors at 20 cents a pair. They started 18 months ago and now employ three other women to help them. But now they do general mending and have even stitched on gold braid for an admiral. Their shop also has become a depot for ex-prisoners-of-war. A large map of Australia on the wall has been signed by hundreds of names and addresses of prisoners of war who had to surrender to the Japanese at Singapore. Men of the 8th often come into the store and pore over the map to find out where their pals are.

## FAD SHORT-LIVED

According to Collier's no American had ever had such widespread yet short-lived popularity as did miniature golf in 1930. Although the craze mushroomed and largely died out in that year, most of the 30,000 courses, which cost a total of \$135,000,000, were gold mine investments from 15 to 25 times their original investment.





I KNOW A THING OR TWO ABOUT GOOD BREAD!

I KNOW A THING OR TWO ABOUT GOOD YEAST!



Clever women bake with ROYAL YEAST—Makes loaves tender, even-textured, delicious

WRAPPED AIRTIGHT FOR DEPENDABILITY

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MADE IN CANADA

## OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY—

### UNTIL THE HILLS

By PHIL SHACKLETON

Copyright  
Wheeler Newspaper Syndicate

"A YOUNG man hitch-hiking sir," "Well, pick him up, Roberts," returned the old general in the rear seat. The powerful automobile, answering the chauffeur's touch, slowed to a stop beside the youth at the edge of the road.

"No, not up there," exclaimed the man in the rear as the hitch-hiker wearing a disreputable yachting cap, grasped the front door handle. "Come, sit back here with me." The youth grinned, the ends of his wide mouth curving into tanned healthy cheeks, and climbed in beside the elderly man.

"Going far?" asked the owner of the vehicle as they swung once more into the stream of highway traffic. "To Broadhill, sir," replied the young man.

"My but you've got a long trip ahead of you."

"Long, but enjoyable," he said. "I love this stretch of country."

"Yes, it is beautiful district," said the old man slowly, staring very hard through the window of the car.

"I drive this way often."

For a while he remained silent, staring, it seemed, at the fleeting scene through the window. He might have been trying to fix it all in his mind, fearful lest the view escape him. At length he turned and spoke. "Everything must be in its full summer growth," he said. "The highway runs and rolls as it ribboned its way along the river bank. A transient breeze carried the hot summer smells through the open windows and the old man breathed them in as though inhaling the smoke from an expensive cigar. "Just look at those cliffs," exclaimed the youth as the car turned with the highway to present a bold rockface view across the river. The old man turned but the youth failed

to notice that he did not look in the direction he had indicated.

"This morning," he continued, "I watched a thunder shower rise in these hills. You could see it coming for miles—He paused, embarrassed at what he had said.

"Don't stop," said the old man. "Please, I'd like to hear about it." Then, almost to himself, he mused, "I haven't seen a storm in these hills for a good many years."

The youth flushed, but he smiled at the old man's encouragement and went on. "At first," he said, "there was just a faint haze over the hills. It seemed to grow, and a mist crept down the hillsides as though spilling over from the other side."

The old man stared straight ahead but a faint smile lit his face. An outsider might have thought the old man saw things that others couldn't. But the young man went on in his own world.

"The hills turned to purple as the sunshine died from them, and the clouds coiled up over their tops. Then a wall of mist rolled down through the valleys, hiding them from view, and I knew it was raining."

The young man was lost in his description. He scarcely knew there was any one beside him.

"The purple of the hills faded into gray as the clouds crept down over them. The mist rolled on and I could see the water darken as the shower reached the river. Then in a moment the rain had reached me and I ran for shelter."

There were tears in the old man's eyes, but he was smiling. The youth stopped as he turned to the old man, confused by the show of emotion. "You make it all very clear," said the old man, frowning with a large handkerchief. "You must forgive me for acting so foolishly but it has been a long time since I have seen the rain in the hills."

The rest of the trip was spent in silence. No one spoke until the chauffeur flung over his shoulder, "This is where we turn off."

THE house was aloof from others of its kind. Isolated and proud, it stood on a hilltop commanding the view across the river. An automobile turned in at the gate and crunched along the gravel driveway.

"Roberts," said the old man as he felt the sidewalk beneath his feet, "I have never seen the hills so clearly as when that young man described his storm today."

He was enthusiastic about our part of the country, sir," replied the chauffeur.

The old man reached for the white cane Roberts held for him, and tapped his way to the house.

### Muskat Farming

285,000 Peltis Market—In Winnipeg Brought Good Price

Highest prices for muskrat furs since the Dominion and Manitoba governments went into muskrat farming in a big way 10 years ago were received recently in Winnipeg when 285,000 peltis brought an average price of \$3.75, the mines and resources department reported. Some peltis brought as high as \$5.65.

The bulk of these furs, 233,000 peltis, came from the big Summer-berry area in Manitoba which stretches from just east of the Pas along the Saskatchewan River to Moose Lake. The balance came from the areas in Netley marsh, Fisher River and the Delta at the mouth of Lake Winnipeg.

### In Far North

Three Doctors Are Wanted For Arctic Posts

Hon. B. Claxton, Health Minister, issued a call for three doctors to do pioneering work in Canada's Eastern Arctic.

Two doctors are urgently needed to head hospitals at Chesterfield on Hudson Bay, and at Pangnirtung on Baffin Island. A third doctor is needed from July 15 to Oct. 15 to serve in settlements along Hudson Strait.

The hospitals at Chesterfield and Pangnirtung are well-equipped institutions, each with a staff of two nurses.

The Empire State Building in New York has seven miles of elevator shafts.



CHICKS MAY BE DOOMED—Unsaleable because buyers cannot feed them, some 300,000 chicks face destruction in northern Ohio following government orders limiting poultry feed. Mrs. Adell Pearson holds a handful of fluffy chicks, for which she has found a market.

### Canada's History

Mission Will Collect Information Valuable For Public Archives

Two Canadian archivists, Robert Larocque de Rougemont and Victor Bieque, will sail for Paris to resume the work of documenting Canada's history under French tenure which was interrupted by the war.

Four Canadians were working on the project at the outbreak of war in a permanent Paris office set up by the Dominion Public Archives in 1904. They slipped away in time to elude the German invaders. The aim of the mission is to collect all types of historical information which might be of value to Canadian historians and to have it available in the public archives at Ottawa.

### SMILE AWHILE

"Are you the man that was married in a cage of lions?" "I'm the man."

"Did it seem exciting?" "It did then. It wouldn't now."

"What makes people go abroad to study singing?" asks the correspondent. In some cases the love of self-preservation.

"I must have reminded him of some beautiful woman in history. He said I had a historical face."

"Are you sure he didn't say prehistoric, my dear?"

Wife: "I'm ready now, I thought you were dressed and waiting?" Husband: "No I was, but you'll have to wait while I shave again!"

The clothes my tailor makes last for years. Look at that blue serge suit of mine. There's an example."

"Yes, a shining example."

Did you ever make your living writing poetry?"

"No, but I got lost in the woods once and didn't eat for a week."

Husband: "That's extravagant! you have two hats to match that one dress."

Wife: "Oh, no I haven't. I've only one dress to match the two hats."

Father: Your teacher says he can't teach you anything, Bill.

Bill: I always knew he was no good.

Cyril: "You may spurn me, but remember I shall not always be a clerk at \$20 a week!"

Marley: "That's just the trouble. You may lose your job at any time."

"You do keep your car well cleaned."

"It's only fair, my car keeps me well cleaned, too."

"Light from the sun travels 186,000 miles a second. Isn't that a stupendous speed?"

"Oh, I don't know. It's down-hill all the way."

Foreman: "Don't you see that sign, No hands wanted?"

Apprentice: "I do, but I promised my wife I'd really ask for a job today, and that's why I applied."

### REAL EDUCATION

Education is a system of training or experience which enables one to compare, estimate, balance and form a sound judgment. All of which takes time—most of it after graduation. Books and texts and schools lay the foundation but it is life and experience—and one's ability to learn from experience—that determines whether the student is capable of true education.—London Free Press.

### FOR VETERANS

Those Who Served In First Great War To Receive Assistance

Some of the men who left Canada to serve with British or Allied forces in the First Great War got a helping hand from the veterans committee of the commons — three decades after their enlistment.

The committee approved a recommendation of the pension commission that such veterans who held rank lower than that of warrant officer and are entitled to pension get the full benefit of the Canadian Pension act. The essential qualifications are that they must have lived in Canada before enlisting and that they have returned here.

Their counterparts of the Second Great War already have such protection. Their comrades of higher than warrant officer rank have long had similar protection through an administrative arrangement with Britain.

### Weed Killing

United Kingdom Has Built World's Biggest Corn Sprayer

Weed-killing corn sprayers which cope daily with more than one hundred acres of crops are now in use on United Kingdom farms. The new machine, the largest of its type ever built, has a five hundred gallon tank fitted with two openings. These allow the operator to pour in chemicals while the tank is being filled with water. The spray liquid is pumped to spray bars at a pressure of three hundred pounds per square inch, and fifty gallons per minute can be used. The most spectacular feature is the sixty foot wide spray boom with eighty-six nozzles. It is this which gives the machine its tremendous output. The acreage sprayed per day varies with the size of the fields, the distance of fields and farms apart, etc. The record so far for one day's spraying is one hundred and thirty-six acres.

### For Work Or Play



4536  
12-24-40

By ANNE ADAMS

Warm weather ahead! Start now on Pattern 4536—practical overall, a pretty play suit, and a jacket so jaunty you'll wear it with everything. All are smart, easy to sew.

Pattern 4536, sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 40. Size 16, overall, 3 yards 35-inch; jacket 1 1/2 yards.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address, Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

### IT WILL HAPPEN

Listeners to "Bright and Early" BBC program which starts every morning at 6.30, heard nothing but recorded chimes for the first seven minutes one morning. Then a woman announcer said breathlessly: "I'm sorry but I slept in."

The word private, referring to army rank, was the name originally given to soldiers hired by feudal barons in their private wars.

### NATIONAL CLOTHING COLLECTION

Send what you can to your local collection centre

JUNE 17 - 27

"ALMA" TEA

### Patterns To Holland

Weekly Newspapers Appear To Cover A Lot Of Territory

A weekly publisher never knows just what audience he is reaching with his paper. After being read by the subscriber and his family, it is many times passed around to others or mailed away to a married son or daughter in other towns or cities, and has a long life indeed.

As a matter of fact we have in front of us as we write, a letter ordering Pattern No. 4511 for a Flare Frock from Miss A. B., c/o Roeser Vlascher St., No. 46, Amsterdam West, Holland.

There is no indication whatever of how she got the paper containing this pattern, but the order has been filled. In the same way we are constantly amazed at the orders which continue to come each week for the Home Service Booklets, for which advertising was discontinued in 1943 on account of paper shortage and increasing costs.

All this shows a real reader interest in this paper which we much appreciate and hope to continue deserving.

SELECTED

### RECIPES

#### FOOD ESSENTIALS AND ECONOMY

A full market basket doesn't necessarily mean a well-fed family. It's getting the right food in the right proportions that counts.

What are the essential foods? Briefly, they include milk, butter, eggs, meat, fish or poultry, fruit, especially the citrus varieties; vegetables of all kinds, raw and cooked; and bread, or at least, cereals, especially those made from whole grain, such as all wheat flakes.

Use crisp cereals often to extend meals in leaves or patties. Here is a simple recipe for meat patties or "hamburgers" which stretches the number of servings by two. Out-of-doors "buggers" roasts are just around the corner from May. The demand for hamburger and ground steak increases. You will find this meat-stretching hint of value!

#### Hamburger Patties

2 cups corn flakes  
1 pound hamburger (or other ground beef)  
1/2 cup water  
1 1/2 teaspoons salt  
1/2 teaspoon pepper

Crush corn flakes slightly. Combine with other ingredients and mix well. Form into patties. Fry, or broil, cooking 7-10 minutes on each side or until well browned. Yield: 6 patties (about 2 1/2 inches in diameter, 3/4 inch thick).

Note: Add chopped onion or other seasoning, as desired.

#### Crows And Magpies

Have Become A Menace To Migrating Birds In Alberta

Crows and magpies have become so numerous in Alberta that they constitute a menace to migratory and upland birds in the province. So much so, that the Alberta Government has found it expedient to encourage the killing of predatory birds, including crows and magpies, by providing for the payment of a bounty of five cents per pair of feet. At the present time, a summer campaign for the destruction of crows and magpies is being conducted by the Alberta Fish and Game Association which has been empowered to pay the bounty from funds allocated to it by the Alberta Government.

The ancient Hebrew betrothal called for three rings—one for the girl, one for the man, and one for the witness to the ceremony.



U.S.-TOKYO QUEEN — Top U.S. beauty in Tokyo is Lee Corberty, 24, of New Mexico, who is a secretary in the international prosecution section. Nine judges, including army and navy officials, selected Miss Corberty from a score of U.S. girls.

### KIDNEY ACIDS Rob your Rest..

Many people never seem to get a good night's rest. They turn and toss—blame it on "nerves"—when it may be their kidneys. Healthy kidneys filter poisons and excess acids from the blood. If they fail and poisons stay in the system—disturbed rest often follows. If you don't rest well get and use Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's helps the kidneys so that you can rest better—and feel better.

### Savings Deposits

Are Highest Ever Held By Chartered Banks Of Canada

After touching a low of \$2,865,000,000 after the Ninth Victory Loan at the end of December, 1945, savings deposits of the chartered banks of Canada have risen by \$305,000,000 in two months to an all-time high of \$3,170,000,000 at March 31.

This represented an increase of \$1,468,000,000, or 86 per cent, over deposits of \$1,702,000,000 prior to the war. Total time and demand deposits by the public have now reached a level of \$5,155,000,000, or more than double the pre-war volume of \$2,407,000,000.

### Victory Bells

Hundreds Being Cast For Churches Throughout British Empire

Victory bells, hundreds of them, weighing from half a ton to twenty tons for churches all over the United Kingdom and throughout the empire are being cast by foundries in England. Most bear the inscription, "Victory 1939-1945". One, named Great George, destined for Liverpool's new Anglican Cathedral, is inscribed "Make a joyful noise unto the Lord, all ye lands." It weighs fifteen tons and has a diameter of 9 feet 6 inches.

Pasteurized milk is the only safe milk.

### NO BUTTER NEEDED INSIDE OR OUTSIDE



#### MAGIC CHEESE BISCUITS

1 1/2 cups flour 1 1/2 cups shortening  
1/2 cup milk 1 1/2 cups grated cheese  
2 eggs. Magic Baking Powder  
(When half-baked, place square of cheese on top of biscuits for extra flavor)

Sift dry ingredients together; cut in shortening. Mix in cheese lightly; add milk slowly. Roll out with small biscuit cutter. Bake in hot oven (375°) 12 to 15 minutes. Makes 12.



MAGIC INSURES BAKING SUCCESS

#### MAGIC BAKING POWDER

MADE IN CANADA

## The Scribe

BY PUBLIUS

This series of articles is written especially for The Olds Gazette, but the opinions expressed herein are not necessarily those of this publication and we accept no responsibility for views expressed therein.—Ed.

Within the last few days the newspapers across Canada, and the radio, have been telling us of the possibility of a merger or union between two historic religious faiths. I refer to the Church of England in Canada, and the United Church of Canada. This could be a very important event indeed, having far reaching effects in the future. The possibilities for good by such a proposed union, are manifold but of course one must realize that the whole matter is only under study with no definite proposals, or conclusions being yet made by either of the parties concerned.

However this by itself is good, for when I hear of such things taking place, it brings two thoughts to my mind. Firstly, it makes me think that possibly there is a lessening of theological controversy and bigotry between the major protestant faiths. Secondly it makes me think that there might ultimately be a chance for Christianity to become a united force for good in this world, rather than a half sick body driven to despair by unnecessary schisms, and divisions. It takes little thought on the part of any person, to realize that an intelligent, wide awake Christian Church cannot be a divided Church. If she is going to minister effectively to a spiritually starved world, with proper power and authority, she must become first of all, a united body.

In a general sense it can be truly said, that the Christian church has been straining at gnats and swallowing camels. The time seems near when she must return to the broad, simple principles upon which the Christian faith is based. Her members must return to a humility of spirit, and recognize that religious truth is too large for any one section to monopolize.

Theologians have a bad habit of bickering and arguing among themselves about unimportant matters. They will have to lose this bad habit if they wish to put up a united, intelligent front, and continue as a living force in this modern world. On the other hand the right to see spiritual truths according to the dictates of one's own conscience is a healthy and commendable trait among the clergy but when liberty is abused to such an extent that it results in religious bigotry, and narrow dogmatism, it is high time that it should cease. Immense harm has been done to the natural progress of Christianity, because of these very errors, during the last five hundred years.

The greatest enemies of Christianity are the bigots who profess to be Christian. They are the most active element in a united Church. They are the ones who say "my way is right, all other ways are wrong, and whoever thinks otherwise is surely doomed to arrive in hell by a quick route." There are a surprisingly great number of people who actually have such beliefs. They do not understand that Christianity is evolving toward a goal. They are constantly cluttering up the path towards this goal with static, man-made, doctrines.

A great writer has written that "the weakness of the ecclesiastical system strikes me as lying in the assumption, or practical assumption, on the part of each sect, that it is the sole repository of Truth, and of all the Truth." This writer was probably correct. Such an assumption is easily understood when one realizes that we are as yet only partially developed as a race. Even our Religions haven't developed past the point to which our race has gone, and there are certainly not gone any farther. The final goal is still a great distance away.

There are great things however happening. Signs and wonders can be seen with the discerning eye and mind. Something is in the air. A measure of humility, tolerance, inquiry, and willingness to see the whole of Truth, rather than a segment or part, is fast taking place. Some day, the Christian Church will reach a state of actual organic union and become harmonized spiritually. This present study being carried out by the two previously mentioned bodies in Canada is pointing in that direction. May their deliberations bear good fruit. They are to be commended.

## Farmers Union Hear Directors Speak

Three successful sub-district rallies were held in District No. 10 of the Alberta Farmers' Union last week. This district, sometimes referred to locally as the Calgary district extends from just south of Red Deer to Okotoks and from the Red Deer River on the east to the Rocky Mountains on the west. The three rallies referred to were held at Sundre, the Simcoe school

## Junior Calf Club Fair and Sale on July 2

The Calf Club Fair and sale for the Central Olds, West Edsborough and Avondale Junior Feeding Calf Clubs will be held at Carstairs July 2nd. I should be very pleased if you could attend this event.

A very interesting day will be held at the farm of Alex. Robertson, 10 miles west of Carstairs June 22nd. There will be a judging contest and a field day for the four clubs mentioned. The Kiwanis Club of Calgary has generously donated a special award of \$100 for this event.

near Grimsby, and at Strathmore and were arranged by the sub-directors Mr. Ted Pekke of Lohby, Chas. T. Shering of Birchman, and Mr. Les Campbell of Strathmore.

The visiting speakers were: Mr. J. C. Kerns of Acme, the director for District No. 10 and Mr. I. E. Pharis of Magrath, a former member of the executive of the A.F.U. and a very active and able supporter of the union.

Mr. Kerns spoke first, expressing gratitude for the opportunity of meeting members of his district, and impressing upon them that their district director is their servant and representative on the provincial board. He then mentioned the need for organization, especially if it ever became necessary to carry out strike action. Many of the rising costs to the farmer were cited as sufficient reason for strike action.

Collection of membership dues through municipalities, very wrongly termed "compulsory membership" by some, was discussed. Mr. Kerns pointed out in this connection, that all farmers benefit by the work of the union, and should therefore help support it and not leave the expense entirely up to the "faithful few" who give their time and energy as well as financial aid to the betterment of western agriculture.

The resolution on Farmers Income Tax Returns as presented to the Dominion Cabinet by the Canadian Federation of Agriculture was mentioned favorably and endorsed by the meetings.

The Farmers' holiday June 21, the idea that originated with the A.F.U. and which was endorsed by the Canadian Federation of Agriculture, was also mentioned. Mr. Kerns expressed hope that next year the 21st would be declared a national holiday, and there would be no school exams to interfere. There were many celebrations in District No. 10 this year, although they seemed to be entirely lacking in Calgary.

Mr. Pharis was the last speaker of the meetings. The forcefulness and sincerity of his address is impossible indeed to put into writing. He mentioned the inequalities and disparity heaped up on agriculture, especially western agriculture by the Dominion Government. He pointed out that in view of the rise the Dominion Government has allowed in prices of commodities the farmer has to buy, it seems that the only "inflation" the Government is afraid of is in the prices of farm products. To back up his remarks he mentioned the reprimand Mr. La Guardia, Director-General of UNRRA, handed Mr. Gardiner, Canadian Minister of Agriculture, over the low price of agricultural products in Canada.

He cited price rises in the United States that are considered by many to be at near parity as can be humanely calculated and stressed the difference in Canadian prices. He pointed out that England did not want cheap Canadian food as this would leave little money in Canada to buy English products.

Mr. Pharis issued a challenge to the common people everywhere to unite to usher in the great new order that we have all been dreaming of and have fought two wars over. He pointed out that leaders of nations have not been able to settle differences of opinions and seemingly are not doing it now. He said that about all the "Big Three" have been able to agree upon is the recess. He pointed out that fear and want are more widespread in the world today than ever before in the world's history. Said Mr. Pharis, "If ever we are to have unity and security in the world it will have to come from the common people's organization." He issued an appeal and a challenge for all peoples to unite for the betterment of mankind. He mentioned the newly formed International Federation of Agriculture, with its head in England, and its Canadian vice-president as an example of common people united for International brotherhood.

## Palomino Horse Association News

The representative from zone 4, Olds attended the Nanton Palomino Horse Show on Wednesday and Thursday, 19 and 20 of June.

The first day was open show day for all saddle breeds. Our local breeder, E. Noad was third place in the yearling class for colts with his beautiful colt bred by Denver. First place was won by Archie White of Nanton with his Sleepy Cat colt, and second place was won by Sears Bros. of Nanton with their Tennessee Walker colt.

Eddie Noad also showed his stallion in the stock horse class. He is a little off color, otherwise a real good horse.

On the second day the classes were for palominos only. In the yearling class, Ed Noad was second to Archie White of Nanton. Eddie's colt has the disadvantage of being much younger than his competitors otherwise he shows much promise as a coming contender.

Eddie also won fifth place with his off-color stallion in the Stock Horse class.

In the Stock Horse class Jerry Puckett won first with Bright Star, Western Champion Palomino wherever shown. He is coming to Olds on August 9 and 10. Watch for him.

In the Glamour or Bridal path type, Hugh Cozart, won with Glamour Copper Kid.

In the class for a horse ridden by a lady, Mrs. Cozart was first and Mrs. Puckett second.

The grand Champion of the Palomino Horse Show was won by Jerry Puckett with Bright Star.

The Reserve Champion was Mr. Archie White's colt by Sleepy Cat. Archie was offered \$1,000 for this colt but did not accept this offer as yet. This colt has really got what it takes in color, conformation and manners. Watch for him at future shows.

The Olds representative contacted all the owners and breeders of Palominos at Nanton and the majority of

them have very kindly promised to attend the Palomino Horse Show at Olds on Friday and Saturday, August 9 and 10, 1946. These breeders and owners are from Lethbridge, Cranston, Vulcan, Staveland, Nanton, Lacombe, Carstairs, Mountain View and Olds. I would therefore suggest to the people of Olds and surrounding districts that they show their appreciation to these breeders, and owners, by making the dates, August 9 and 10 a "must see" for their entertainment list, and support the Olds Fair and First Palomino Horse Show.

## Points Clarified In New Hour Regulations

To settle many rumours circulating around town and to satisfy our own curiosity, we contacted the Chief Inspector of the Board of Industrial Relations in Edmonton by phone on Tuesday.

There have been many different interpretations of the act but we requested and received information on the following points.

1. There is nothing in the act designed to have stores and shops closed in country points on Saturday evening.
2. The act definitely states that the working hours for an employee will be 9 hrs. per day and 48 hrs. per week.
3. No continuous and regular overtime will be tolerated by the board.
4. Overtime may be worked if it is necessary to restore operation of a business or shop but once operation has been resumed overtime work must cease.

These are important points and are as explained by the Chief Inspector.

WANTED—Girl or middle aged person for light house work on farm. No outside work. Box 414, Olds. 26-2p

**\* \* \* \* \***  
**CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE**  
**\* \* \* \* \***  
**UNITED CHURCH**  
 Sunday, June 30, 1946  
 Midden at 11:00 a.m.  
 Sunday School in Crossfield at 11:00 a.m.  
 Evening Service in Crossfield at 7:30 p.m.  
**CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION**  
 Service, Sunday, June 30th  
 Afternoon at 3 p.m.  
 Rev. J. M. Roe, rector

**- Crossfield Chronicle -**  
 Crossfield, Alberta  
 Published every Friday afternoon.  
 R. Newson and N. K. Leatherdale  
 Subscriptions: Rates: \$1.50 per year; 50¢ extra to the United States.  
 Classified Advertising: Per Line, Last, Wanted, etc., 50¢ for first insertion; 25¢ additional insertion; 4 insertions for \$1.00.  
 Authorized second class mail, Post Office Department, Ottawa  
**CROSSFIELD BAPTIST CHURCH**  
 Rev. J. W. MacDonald Minister  
 Bible Study at 12 noon.  
 Wednesday prayer service at 3:30 p.m.  
 Friday—Young Peoples at 7:30 p.m.

## LOANS TO FARMERS

We invite farmers to discuss with us their financial requirements.

Your particular case may call for a loan with special terms and arrangements. Many requirements can be met by Farm Improvement Loans. Ask us for the details.

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

J. LUNAN, BRANCH MANAGER



JOHNNY USED TO HAVE FUN blowing dandelions, but the pay-off came later when he had to dig out Mr. Whiskers' offspring from the lawn. Now, thanks to C-I-L and chemistry, he has his fun without work. His dad simply eliminates the new dandelions with a new hormone spray called "Herbate" 2, 4-D.

YES, DANDELIONS, plantain and many other weeds can be made to disappear, leaving the grass to take over unmolested. "Herbate" is one of the newest of new chemical products that make life more enjoyable : : : for grown-ups as well as small boys.

SERVING CANADIANS  THROUGH CHEMISTRY

*Looking Ahead*  
 Man-made bristles... Salting most on the top... Weatherproof duds... Better fruit...

Here's a new brush that looks something like a question mark. But there's no question about it—its nylon bristles will outlast by many times the bristles of the Chinese Hog. This particular brush is for cleaning coffee makers. It is only one of hundreds of new-type nylon brushes now coming on the market.

"All that they want" is the modern farmer's principle when it comes to providing salt for his livestock. With salt blocks or salt boxes in stables, fields and pastures, animals are free choice, and grow faster, sturdier because of it. It's just another of the advances in animal nutrition that mark our times.

Durable water repellents that won't come out in washing or dry cleaning will soon be common in many outer garments. Not only these give protection against showers, but clothes won't spot as easily. These products, such as "Velan" from England and "Zelan" from the United States, are becoming well known to the people who are making textiles for your new clothes.

Fruit that falls prematurely means waste to the orchardist. But chemistry knows a way to keep fruit on the tree until it's ready to be picked. With a hormone spray called "Panzone", which strengthens the stem of the fruit, "windfalls" can be almost eliminated. Further information on any of these products is obtainable by writing "Looking Ahead", C-I-L, P.O. Box 10, Montreal, P.Q.